

AQA Economics A-level

Macroeconomics

Topic 6 - The International Economy

Flashcards

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Absolute advantage















Absolute advantage

When an economy is able to produce greater quantity of output with the same quantity of input









Aid













Aid

Transfer of resources between economies











Bilateral aid













Bilateral aid

Aid given from one country to another









Comparative advantage











Comparative advantage

When an economy is able to produce greater quantity of output at a lower opportunity cost











Debt relief











Debt relief

Partial or total forgiveness of debt slowing of debt growth











Developed countries













Developed countries

Countries with high GDP per capita; tend to export manufactured goods









Developing countries











Developing countries

Countries with low GDP per capita; tend to export agriculture











Economic development













Economic development

Assessing the standards of living and economic welfare of those in a country









Economic integration













Economic integration

The process by which economies become more closely linked











Emerging countries











Emerging countries

Countries that aren't fully developed, yet are more developed than LEDCs











Foreign direct investment (FDI)







Foreign direct investment (FDI)

When firms in one country make investments into another country











Free trade











Free trade

Trade with no barriers or restrictions











Globalisation













Globalisation

The process in which economies become increasingly interconnected and markets become worldwide in scope











Human Development Index (HDI)









Human Development Index (HDI)

Measures an economy's development based on 3 main criteria; life expectancy, educational achievement, and living standards Measures an economy's development based on 3 main criteria; life expectancy, educational achievement, and living standards









Multi-national corporation (MNC)













Multi-national corporation (MNC)

Firms who operate in multiple countries











Protectionism











Protectionism

When governments enact policies to restrict the free entry of imports into an economy











Quota











Quota

A limit on the amount of a good that can be imported into a country









Sustainability













Sustainability

Meeting current-day needs without putting the future at risk











Tariff













Tariff

Form of tax placed on imported goods, making them less price competitive to disincentivise consumption











Trade creation













Trade creation

Creation of trade between members within a bloc











Trade diversion











Trade diversion

Diversion of trade from between a country in a bloc and efficient countries outside a bloc, to less efficient countries within a bloc









Trade liberalisation













Trade liberalisation

Reduction or removal of protectionist policies











Trading bloc













Trading bloc

Government agreements that promote trade between certain countries











World Trade Organisation (WTO)











World Trade Organisation (WTO)

International organisation that aims to make trade as free as possible, discussing trade agreements and settling trade disputes





